Written Methods: Division

Year	Steps to success					By the end of the year most children
	The images below are used to support the development of formal written methods. Bar models					will confidently use these methods
	and other representations should be used to aid understanding.					,
3	Base 10 and counters are used on a grid to support understanding of division being grouping. Children understand that one ten can be exchanged for ten ones to aid for equal grouping to take place, without					Divide 2-digit numbers by a 1-digit number using an informal written
	remainders.		10 10 10	00000		method
		Tens Ones		000000		
			Tens	Ones		
					-	(40) (12)
					-	
				000	_	10 3
		•••				10 + 3 = 13
4	Base 10 and counters are used on a grid to support understanding of division being grouping. Children understand that one ten can be exchanged for ten ones to aid for equal grouping to take place. This is to <u>include remainders</u> .					Divide 2-digit numbers by a 1-digit number Remainders should be given as whole numbers
5	Place value counters or plain counters can be used on a grid to					Divide 3- and 4-digit numbers by a
	support understanding. Children should be encouraged to move away					1-digit number
	From this though whe	en dividing numbers	with multiple exchan	ges.		Remainders should be given as whole numbers or fractions. They may also be rounded up or down according to the context 4 2 6 6 2 8 5 1 ₃ 1 ₂
6	When children are ready to divide by 2-digit numbers, written methods become the mos					Divide multi digits by 2-digits
	accurate as concrete/ pictorial methods are less efficient. Children should be encouraged to write					Remainders should be given as above. Where
						appropriate children should also be taught to
						give remainders as decimais
						0 4 8 9 $7,335 \div 15 = 489$ 15 7 7_3 13_3 13_5 15 30 45 60 75 90 105 120 135 150

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